

- Approx. 400 m west from the Osaka Loop Line/Osaka Metro Morinomiya Station.
- No parking available

### Admission

	Individuals	(20 persons or more)
Elementary/junior high school students	Free	
High school students	150 yen	100 yen
Adults	250 yen	200 yen

· Admission is free for visitors 65 years of age or older or for visitors with disabilities (please show a certificate for confirmation).

## Opening hours

·9:30 to 17:00 Admission is until 16:30.

Closed day

·The day following a national holiday

(excluding between September and November) ·Year-end and New Year's holidays (Dec. 28 to Jan. 4)

· Internal maintenance day (last day of designated months)

However, if the internal maintenance day or the day after a national holiday falls on a Saturday or Sunday, we will be closed on the following Tuesday. For details, please see our website.

Peace Bird

Mascot character of Osaka

International Peace Center

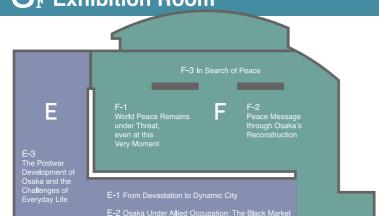
### Osaka International Peace Center Fan Club

There are privileges such as getting free admission for 1 year. Please contact the office for details.

Osaka International Peace Center Foundation

2-1, Osakajo, Chuo-ku, Osaka 540-0002 TEL: 06-6947-7208 FAX: 06-6943-6080 Website: http://www.peace-osaka.or.jp

# **3**<sub>F</sub> Exhibition Room



# Zone Osaka Regains Its Vigor

The exhibition in this zone conveys how Osaka has developed after the war from the GHQ occupation through rapid economic growth.





(try it on and feel the weight)

# Zone - Ensuring a Peaceful Future

Even today, world peace is under threat. This zone is designed to help us consider what each of us can do for peace.





Workshop space

### International Contributions



Agricultural technology guidance (Ghana)

### Consequences of War





Refugee camp (Iraq)

Refugee baby (Cameroon)

## Toki-no-Niwa

due to the air raids.



Nameplate in the dome



Bells and wall tiles

## The Statue of Mother and Infant in 1945

ravages of war was created to pay tribute to the victims of war. (located in front of the entrance)



### Auditorium

There are regular showings of Films such as "16 jizou monogatari (Tale of 16 jizou)" (approx. 30 min.), "Hi no Umi Osaka (Osaka in a Sea of Fire)" (approx. 20 min.), and "Yakitsukusareta Osaka-no-machi (Burnt Down Osaka)"(approx. 35 min.) in the auditorium.

Please feel free to donate personal belongings or records that convey how life was during the prewar, wartime, and postwar period.

Toki-no-Niwa was established through many donations as "a place to spread the message of world peace and remember those who perished in Osaka air raids." On the nameplate inside the dome, the names of those who passed away due to the air raids are engraved. There are eight bells to remember the Great Osaka Air Raids, placed around the dome. In addition, the dome is surrounded by wall tiles on which feelings or wishes for peace were engraved by 15,000 children, to remember those who died or went missing





A monument depicting a mother and her child running to escape the

Toki-no-Niwa: The Statue of Mother and Infant

## Request for material contributions

# **Facilities**

\*Please contact the office

area or library.

if you wish to use the video



**Peace Museum Preserving the** Memories of the Osaka Air Raids

**Exhibition Guide** 







Contents of exhibitions are subject to change without notice.

## Message from Osaka International Peace Center

## $\sim$ At Our New Start with the Exhibition Renewal $\sim$

Osaka International Peace Center was established in 1991 as a base for releasing peace-related information in Osaka through the cooperation of the citizens of Osaka, with the aim of realizing the "peace capital Osaka," contributing to the attainment of global peace. In the more than 23 years that have passed since then, we have welcomed approximately 1,880,000 visitors.

As we reach the 70th anniversary of the end of World War II, and with more than three-quarters of Japan's population being born after the war, the role of Osaka International Peace Center in passing down the memories of the hardships of war so that they will not be forgotten, and conveying the importance of peace is becoming more and more important.

As we carry out the exhibition renewal at this time—the first time since it was opened we have decided to focus on "Osaka Air Raids," which many residents of Osaka are familiar with.

In addition, we have made it our goal to create exhibitions that will help the children who are responsible for the next generation to understand the hardships of war and the background of the war through grasping the reality of air raids in Osaka and the relationship between Osaka and the war, as well as to think about peace as an issue they can relate to themselves

To learn from history is to re-experience past eras. Doing so will help us think about our own era and obtain clues for determining the future direction. Therefore, we do our best to design our exhibitions in a way that helps visitors understand by experiencing how people lived during a period that is completely different from modern times. We have made an effort to explain why things happened the way they did, present the course of changing times and other background information, based on the international situation at the time.

In addition, a new section presenting the travails and efforts of people who lived in the era along with the development of Osaka has been introduced, in order to pass down the memories of the postwar reconstruction, as well as those of the air raids. Moreover, a new multilingual audio guide has been introduced as a part of our effort to make the exhibitions more understandable for many people inside and

Today's world is still fraught with many wars and conflicts. Our country has also caused tremendous damage and suffering on people in many countries, especially

As the only country in the world that has experienced the disasters brought by atomic weapons, we have lost many precious lives. Just knowing and feeling the hardships of war does not lead to the realization of peace; it is necessary for each of us to think about what peace is and what we should and can do to make it a reality, and to make an honest effort to practice what we can do now.

Osaka International Peace Center will continue to strive to be a peace museum in Osaka that conveys the hardships of war and the preciousness of peace to the next generation and nurtures a desire for peace and lofty ideas of its visitors through the memories of the Osaka air raids, with the aim of contributing to global peace while remembering the victims of the Osaka air raids and spreading the message of peace.

April 30, 2015

# $2_{\mathbb{F}}$ Exhibition Room



Letters that conveys people's feelings at the time

ceramic canteen

children and their family

# **L**<sub>F</sub> Exhibition Room



## Zone A In 1945, Osaka was Engulfed in Fire.

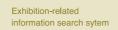
This zone conveys the appearance of Osaka, which was burnt down by the air raids, as well as the current appearance of Osaka.













## Zone R When the World was Embroiled in War

This zone explains why Japan waged war with the U.S. by presenting the course of events from the Sino-Japanese War and Russo-Japanese War to the Pacific War, as background information to the air raids.



(From Sino-Japanese and Russo-Japanese Wars to Pacific War)



The emergence of new weapons increased damage

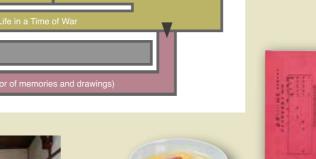
## Zone Life in Osaka During the War

This zone conveys the severity of life during the war and how people were prepared for the air raids.





Rice-ration booklet



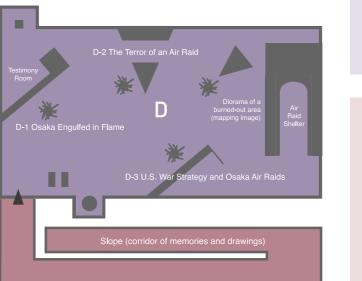


Imogayu (potato gruel),Suiton (flour dumplings boiled in soup) (replica)









## Diorama of the Ebisubashi area on the wall



Images of the air raids are presented through projection mapping on a diorama of Ebisubashi area.



Projection mapping

Replica of cluster incendiary bomb Sewing machine survived the fire



Air raid shelter that accommodates about 10 people

Replica of one-ton bomb

## Slope



A corridor of memories and drawings of Osaka air raids